IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A dispersion comprising polyanions and cationic 3,4-polyalkylenedioxythiophenes <u>and water or a water/alcohol mixture as a solvent</u>, wherein at least about 90% of the particles of the dispersion are less than about 50 nm <u>and wherein the resistivity of the coatings produced therefrom is at least about 5000 Ωcm.</u>
- 2. The dispersion according to Claim 1, wherein at least about 90% of the particles are less than about 40 nm.
 - 3. (Cancelled)
- 4. (Currently Amended) The dispersion according to Claim 1, wherein the 3,4-polyalkylenedioxythiophenes are compounds of the formula (I)

wherein

- n is an integer from 3 to 100, preferably from 4 to 15, and
- X is $-(CH_2)_x$ -CR¹R²-(CH₂)_V, where

 R^1 and R^2 , independently of one another, are H, an eptienally substituted alkyl radical having from 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an aryl radical having from 6 to 14 carbon atoms or -CH₂-OR³, where R^3 is H, alkyl or -CH₂-CH₂-SO₃H, and

x and y are each, independently of one another, an integer from 0 to 9.

- 5. (Original) The dispersion according to Claim 1, wherein the dispersion is a 3,4-polyethylenedioxythiophene/polystyrene sulfonate dispersion.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The dispersion according to Claim 1, wherein the weight ratio of cationic 3,4-polyalkylenedioxythiophene to polyanion have a ratio Mo-6935

ranging from between about 1:8 and about 1:25.

- 7. (Withdrawn) An electroluminescent arrangement containing a holeinjecting layer, wherein the hole-injecting layer has been produced from a dispersion according to Claim 1.
- 8. (Withdrawn)The electroluminescent arrangement according to Claim 7, wherein polyfluorenes and/or poly-para-phenylenevinylenes are used as light-emitting layer.
- 9. (New) A dispersion according to Claim 4, wherein n is an integer from 4 to 15.